

Name _____

equation

Lesson 15-1

**Addition
Property of
Equality**

Lesson 15-1

**Subtraction
Property of
Equality**

Lesson 15-1

**inverse
operations**

Lesson 15-1

**Multiplication
Property of
Equality**

Lesson 15-2

**Division
Property of
Equality**

Lesson 15-2



Addition Property of Equality

The same number can be added to both sides of an equation and the sides remain equal.

equation

A number sentence that uses an equal sign to show that two expressions have the same value.
Example: $9 + 3 = 12$

inverse operations

Operations that undo each other.
Example: Adding 6 and subtracting 6 are inverse operations.

Subtraction Property of Equality

The same number can be subtracted from both sides of an equation and the sides remain equal.

Division Property of Equality

Both sides of an equation can be divided by the same nonzero number and the sides remain equal.

Multiplication Property of Equality

Both sides of an equation can be multiplied by the same nonzero number and the sides remain equal.



Name _____

inequality

**solution of an
inequality**

Lesson 15-3

Lesson 15-3



Name _____

solution of an inequality

Any number that makes
an inequality true.

inequality

A mathematical sentence
that contains one of the
symbols $>$, $<$, \geq , or \leq .

